

Answers to Problems (4/3/08 update)

- 1.1 (b) $-3\text{E-}4$, 10 kHz; (c) 1.94 rad, 204 Hz; (d) 0.6 c, 2;
(e) 0.5, 40 MHz/V (f) 1.25 c, 1.5
- 1.2 16 MHz to 18 MHz, no
- 1.3 16.682 MHz to 17.318 MHz
- 2.1 5 kHz, -90°
- 2.2 (b) 3 MHz
- 2.3 (b) 4.6 msec., (d) 460 $\mu\text{sec.}$, (e) 0.1 rad.
- 3.1 $3 \text{ V/c} = 0.48 \text{ V/rad}$
- 3.2 (a) $3 \text{ mA/c} = 4.77\text{E-}4 \text{ A/rad}$; (b) 667 Ω ; (c) +V and -V increase by 2 V.
- 3.3 (a) $0.0909(10^4 \text{ rad/sec} + s)/(909 \text{ rad/sec} + s)$; (b) $0.29 \angle -56.4^\circ$
- 3.4 (a) 5 k Ω ; 1.59 μF ; (b) 1 M Ω ; (c) $R_{2s} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$; $R_{2p} = 80 \text{ k}\Omega$; $C = 9.95 \times 10^{-8} \text{ F}$
- 3.5 (a) Fig. 3.23e; 1 k Ω , $1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ F}$; (b) Fig. 3.23e from PD out to ground; 1000 pF;
(c) 0.126 mA
- 4.1 (a) $\omega_n = 100 \text{ rad/sec}$, $\zeta = 0.3$; (b) $\omega_n = 100 \text{ rad/sec}$; $\zeta = 0.05$;
(c) $\omega_n = 31.6 \text{ rad/sec}$, $\zeta = 0.079$; (d) $\omega_n = 100 \text{ rad/sec}$; $\zeta = 0.25$
- 4.2 (a) $[1 + j0.002 \text{ sec/rad } \omega_m]/[1 - (\omega_m \text{ sec/rad}/477)^2 + j0.0022 \text{ sec/rad } \omega_m]$;
(b) 0.0132 rad; (c) 0.000145 rad; (d) 13.2 Hz
- 5.1 (b) PM is 37.9° , 37.1° for the tangential approximation. Gain margin is infinite.
- 5.2 Approximation: 18.7 dB at 7000 Hz and 52.7° at 1260 Hz. Accurate values: 23.5 dB at 6980 Hz and 54.2° at 1172 Hz.
- 5.3 10,039 Ω ; 3578 sec^{-1} , $\approx 3795 \text{ sec}^{-1}$
- 5.4 20 dB approximate, 20.086 dB accurate.
- 6.1 (a) 5 μF ; (b) $\varphi_e = 1 \text{ rad}$.

- 6.2 (a) 984 kHz; (b) 1002 kHz; (c) 3 V/cycle; (d) 1; (e) 6 kHz/V;
 (f) 7.14×10^4 rad/sec; (g) 3.59×10^4 rad/sec; (h) ≈ 1 ; (i) 1.748×10^4 rad/sec;
 (j) 0.889 cycle = 5.59 rad; (k) 112 μ sec.
- 6.3 10 k Ω .
- 6.4 0.153 rad
- 6.5 11.3 rad at 4 msec
- 6.6 0.063 rad
- 7.1 (a) 10 MHz; (b) 1 kHz; (c) 200 rad/sec = 31.8 Hz; (d) 31.4 rad;
 (e) 3.93 msec; (f) 11.78 msec.
- 7.2 (a) 0.01 V; (b) 5.79 kHz/V, ≈ 5 kHz/V; (c) 10 Hz; (d) 10^{-3} V
- 7.3 (a) 0.3; (b) 1.41 kHz
- 7.4 (a) 10 V/rad; (b) 0, $1/\sqrt{2}$; (c) 6.28×10^4 rad/sec
- 7.5 0.4 rad at 7070 Hz
- 7.6 (a) 10 μ F; (b) 14 dB; (c) 0.2 rad
- 8.1 (a) 30.64 MHz, 1.925×10^8 rad/sec;
 (b) 30.063 MHz, $K/\omega_z = \omega_z/\omega_p = 200 \gg 1$;
 (c) 3170 Hz, $\omega_z/\omega_L = 1 \ll 1$;
 (d) 972 μ sec, $\Omega_{PI}/\Omega = 4.5$, $\Omega/\Omega_S = 4.4$, 900 μ sec;
 (e) 179 μ sec, $\Omega_{PI}/\Omega = 10.6$, $\Omega/\Omega_S = 1.9$, 100 μ sec
- 8.2 (a) 5.07×10^6 rad/sec = 807 kHz; (b) 8×10^6 rad/sec = 1.27 MHz
- 8.3 True K : (a) 4.78×10^6 sec $^{-1}$; (b) 3.38×10^6 sec $^{-1}$. Design values (not accounting for IF-filter loss) are 3 dB higher.
- 8.4 (a) 0.1 rad; (b) 200 Hz
- 9.1 (a) 1.25×10^5 rad/sec 2 ; (b) -30° ; (c) 0.173 V; (d) 0.2 V
- 9.2 698 sec $^{-1}$
- 9.3 1207 Hz
- 9.4 4.87×10^7 rad/sec 2
- 9.5 (a) 7 MHz \pm 800 Hz; (b) 7 MHz \pm 35.8 kHz; (c) 69 msec;
 (d) 7.8 MHz; (e) 0.62 sec

- 11.1 (a) 5×10^{-7} , 1.6×10^{-5} ; (b) 2.5×10^{-13} , 2.53×10^{-10} ; (c) 5.37×10^{-3} , 1.84×10^{-3} ;
 (d) 2.89×10^{-4} , 3.39×10^{-5} ; (e) 1.6×10^{-6} , 4.93×10^{-7}
- 11.2 0.044 rad^2
- 11.4 (a) $6.9 \times 10^{-5} \text{ rad}^2/\text{Hz}$; (b) 0.71 or -1.5 dB
- 12.1 Some points: $S_{\phi A}$: -70 dBc/Hz at 10 Hz, 1 kHz, 10 kHz;
 -82 dB/Hz at 200 kHz. S_B : -20 dB/Hz at 100 Hz; -94 dB/Hz at 40 kHz;
 -114 dB/Hz at 200 kHz.
- 12.2 (a) 0.495 rad^2 ; (b) 0.00975 rad^2 ; (c) 0.00101 rad^2 ; (d) 0.506 rad^2
- 12.3 $8.85 \times 10^{-13} \text{ V}^2/\text{Hz}$
- 12.4 10 kHz
- 12.5 $4.3 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}^2/\text{Hz}$
- 13.1 (b) -90; (c) -93; (d) -90; (e) -93
- 13.2 (a) 0 at DC, rising to $1.33 \times 10^{-11} \text{ V}^2/\text{Hz}$ peak at 280 kHz,
 toward $10^{-11} \text{ V}^2/\text{Hz}$ at high frequencies, falling at 400 kHz;
 (b) $10^{-9} \text{ rad}^2/\text{Hz}$ at DC, falling to $2.5 \times 10^{-10} \text{ rad}^2/\text{Hz}$ by 200 kHz,
 then to zero at 400 kHz;
 (c) -93 dBc/Hz at 3 MHz, falling to -99 dBc/Hz at ± 200 kHz,
 dropping to zero at ± 400 kHz.
- 13.3 (a) 1.507 V vs. $(\pi/2)$ V; (b) 0.7738 V; (c) 1 V, 0.6065 V
- 14.1 (a) 250 Hz; (b) 7250 Hz; (c) 2500 Hz; (d) 31.25 Hz
- 14.2 1968 Hz
- 14.3 (a) type-two second-order (integrator and lead), $\zeta = 1/\sqrt{2}$;
 (b) $1.12 \times 10^5 \text{ rad/sec}$, 0.059 rad^2
- 15.1 (a) 0.01 V; (b) $\pi \times 10^6 \text{ rad/sec}$; (c) Section 7.6.4; (d) $\lesssim 1.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ V}^2$;
 (e) 0.14 rad; (f) $5 \times 10^5 \text{ Hz}$; (g) -13 dBm; (h) $5 \times 10^5 \text{ Hz}$
- 16.1 (a) 52.28° ; (b) 4.95 kHz; (c) 41.9° ; (d) 3876 Hz; (e) no change;

- (f) $0.5 \Rightarrow -3$ dB; (g) $0.457 \Rightarrow -3.4$ dB
- 16.2 (a) 3.72 dB approximate, 3.94 dB accurate; (b) 3 dB; (c) infinite
- 16.3 800×10^{-6} rad²
- 17.1 (a) 0.29; (b) 8890 rad/sec
- 17.2 1166 Hz using one term for I_0 , 1032 Hz using two; 975 Hz exactly
- 17.3 (a) 11.81 rad/sec (11.58 rad/sec using two terms for I_0 ; 10.52 rad/sec using one term); (b) 0.39; (c) 0.67 rad²
- 18.1 (a) 0.284 rad²; (b) 0.314 rad²; (c) 16.43°
- 18.2 (a) 18.4°; (b) 13.3°
- 18.3 (a) 2.5×10^{-4} rad²; (b) 4.27×10^{-4} rad²; (c) 3.65×10^{-4} rad²; (d) 3.2×10^{-4} rad²
- 18.4 (a) $1.6 \Rightarrow 2$ dB; (b) 4.7 dB; (c) 0.8; (d) 37°; (e) 0.45 rad²
- 18.5 (a) $\omega_n = 10^4$ rad/sec, $\zeta = 2$, $\alpha = 0.98$, $B_n = 10229$ Hz;
 (b) $\omega_n = 8.82 \times 10^3$ rad/sec, $\zeta = 1.78$, $\alpha = 0.974$, $B_n = 8062$ Hz;
 (c) 0.385 rad²; (d) 0.35 rad²
- 19.1 (a) 0.37; (b) increase, Fig. 19.6; (c) 0.7; (d) 0.57; (e) 0.44; (f) 0.36;
 (g) $72.2 \Rightarrow 18.6$ dB; (h) 0.64 rad²
- 20.1 (a) 41.3 Hz; (b) 4.2 Hz; (c) 40 Hz
- 20.2 (a) 0.44 rad²; (b) 0.13 rad²; (c) 0.4 dB degradation
- 20.3 1.1 dB
- 20.4 22.9 dB