

Elmer

Beoynd ElmerGUI – About pre- and postprocessing, derived data and manually working with the case

ElmerTeam

CSC – IT Center for Science Ltd.

PATC Elmer Course CSC, August 2012 сsс

Topics

- Alternative preprocessors
 - ElmerGrid
- Alternative postprocessors
 - 2D/3D: ResultOutputSolver
- Derived fields
 - Many auxiliary solvers
- Reduced dimensional data
 - Line plotting tools
 - 1D: SaveLine
 - 0D: SaveScalars
- Example: Twelve Solvers!
- Exercise: Using an existing case as starting point



Alternative mesh generators for Elmer

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Open source

Mesh2D

- 2D Delaunay
- Writes Elmer format
- Usable via the old ElmerFront
- ElmerGrid: native to Elmer
 - Simple structured mesh generation
 - Usable via ElmerGUI
- Tetgen, Netgen
 - Tetrahedral mesh generation
 - Usable via ElmerGUI as a plug-in
- Gmsh
 - Includes geometry definition tools
 - ElmerGUI/ElmerGrid can read the format
- Triangle
 - 2D Delaunay
 - ElmerGUI/ElmerGrid can read the format

Commercial

o GiD

- Inexpensive
- With an add-on module can directly write Elmer format
- Gambit
 - Preprocessor of Fluent suite
 - ElmerGUI/ElmerGrid can read
 .FDNEUT format
- Comsol multiphysics
 - ElmerGUI/ElmerGrid can read .mphtxt format
- Ask for your format:
 - Writing a parser for an ascii-mesh file usually not big a deal

Mesh Generation tools – Poll (May 2012)

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What mesh generation software do you use with Elmer?

You may select up to 10 options

☑ 4	9 %
☑ 17	39 %
✓ 6	14%
✓ 6	14%
	2%
	2%
	No votes
	No votes
8	18%
	2%
	Image: Constraint of the second of the se

Importing meshes with ElmerGrid

- ElmerGrid has a number parsers for various formats
- Each format has a "magic number"
- ElmerGUI decides the format just from the suffix, for a few formats

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The first parameter defines the input file format:

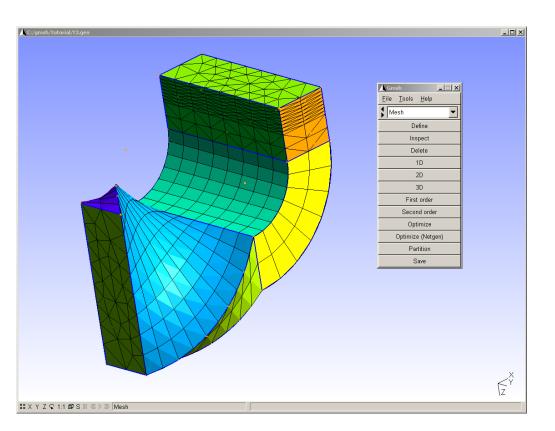
- 1) .grd : Elmergrid file format
- 2) .mesh.* : Elmer input format
- 3) .ep : Elmer output format
- 4) .ansys : Ansys input format
- 5) .inp : Abaqus input format by Ideas
- 6) .fil : Abaqus output format
- 7) .FDNEUT : Gambit (Fidap) neutral file
- 8) .unv : Universal mesh file format
- 9) .mphtxt : Comsol Multiphysics mesh format
- 10) .dat : Fieldview format
- 11) .node,.ele: Triangle 2D mesh format
- 12) .mesh : Medit mesh format
- 13) .msh : GID mesh format
- 14) .msh : Gmsh mesh format
- 15) .ep.i : Partitioned ElmerPost format

The second parameter defines the output file format:

- 1) .grd : ElmerGrid file format
- 2) .mesh.* : ElmerSolver format (also partitioned .part format)
- 3) .ep : ElmerPost format

Gmsh as preprocessor for Elmer

- http://geuz.org/gmsh/
- GPL
- Save in .msh -ascii "include all"
- Open in ElmerGrid or ElmerGUI

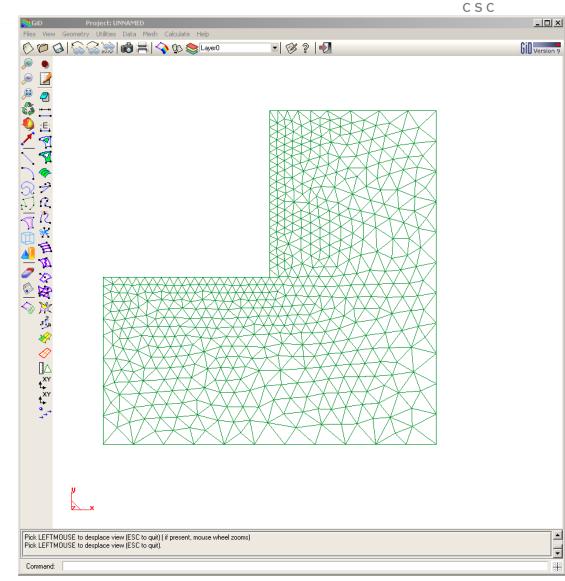


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>ElmerGrid 14 2 mymesh.msh

GiD as preprocessor to Elmer

- Rather inexpensive
- One month free!
- Install export package
- Use problemtype Elmer
- Saves Elmer meshes directly



Alternative postprocessors for Elmer

Open source

- ElmerPost
 - Postprocessor of Elmer suite
- ParaView, Visit
 - Use ResultOutputSolve to write .vtu or .vtk
 - Visualization of parallel data
- OpenDX
 - Supports some basic elementtypes
- Gmsh
 - Use ResultOutputSolve to write data
- Gnuplot, R, Octave, …
 - Use SaveData to save results in ascii matrix format
 - Line plotting

Commercial

- Matlab, Excel, …
 - Use SaveData to save results in ascii matrix format
 - Line plotting



Visualization tools – Poll (May 2012)



What visualization software do you use?

any coloct up to 10 options

You may select up to 10 options		
ElmerPost	☑ 7	20%
ElmerGUI VTK postprocessor	☑ 5	14%
Paraview	☑ 13	37%
ViSit	2	6%
Maya∨i		No votes
Gmsh		3%
GiD		3%
Matlab	☑ 2	6 %
gnuplot	2	6%
Something else (please specify)	2	6%

Exporting 2D/3D data: ResultOutputSolve

Apart from saving the results in .ep format it is possble to use other postrprocessing tools

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- ResultOutputSolve offers several formats
 - vtk: Visualization tookit legacy format
 - vtu: Visualization tookit XML format
 - Gid: GiD software from CIMNE: http://gid.cimne.upc.es
 - Gmsh: Gmsh software: http://www.geuz.org/gmsh
 - Dx: OpenDx software

Vtu is the recommended format!

- offers parallel data handling capabilities
- Has binary and single precision formats for saving disk space

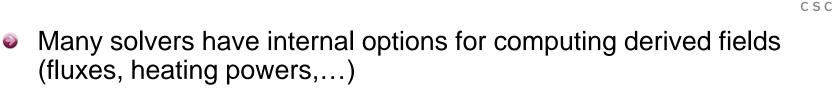
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Exporting 2D/3D data: ResultOutputSolve

An example shows how to save data in unstructured XML VTK (.vtu) files to directory "results" in single precision binary format.

```
Solver n
Exec Solver = after timestep
Equation = "result output"
Procedure = "ResultOutputSolve" "ResultOutputSolver"
Output File Name = "case"
Output Format = String "vtu"
Binary Output = True
Single Precision = True
End
```

Derived fields



- Elmer offers several auxiliary solvers
 - SaveMaterials: makes a material parameter into field variable
 - Streamlines: computes the streamlines of 2D flow
 - FluxComputation: given potential, computes the flux $q = -c \nabla \phi$
 - VorticitySolver: computes the vorticity of flow, $w = \nabla \times \phi$
 - PotentialSolver: given flux, compute the potential $c \nabla \phi = q$
 - Filtered Data: compute filtered data from time series (mean, fourier coefficients,...)
 - ..
- Usually auxiliary data need to be computed only after the iterative solution is ready
 - Exec Solver = after timestep
 - Exec Solver = after all
 - Exec Solver = before saving

Derived lower dimensional data

- Derived boundary data
 - SaveLine: Computes fluxes on-the-fly
- Derived lumped (or 0D) data
 - SaveScalars: Computes a large number of different quantities on-the-fly
 - FluidicForce: compute the fluidic force acting on a surface
 - ElectricForce: compute the electrostatic froce using the Maxwell stress tensor
 - Many solvers compute lumped quantities internally for later use (Capacitance, Lumped spring,...)



Saving 1D data: SaveLine



- Lines of interest may be defined on-the-fly
- Flux computation using integration points on the boundary – not the most accurate
- By default saves all existing field variables

Saving 1D data: SaveLine...



```
Solver n
Equation = "SaveLine"
Procedure = File "SaveData" "SaveLine"
Filename = "g.dat"
File Append = Logical True
Polyline Coordinates(2,2) = Real 0.25 -1 0.25 2
End
```

```
Boundary Condition m
Save Line = Logical True
End
```

Saving 0D data: SaveScalars

Operators on bodies

- Statistical operators
 - Min, max, min abs, max abs, mean, variance, deviation
- Integral operators (quadratures on bodies)
 - volume, int mean, int variance
 - Diffusive energy, convective energy, potential energy

Operators on boundaries

- Statistical operators
 - Boundary min, boundary max, boundary min abs, max abs, mean, boundary variance, boundary deviation, boundary sum

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- Min, max, minabs, maxabs, mean
- Integral operators (quadratures on boundary)
 - area
 - Diffusive flux, convective flux

Other operators

- nonlinear change, steady state change, time, timestep size,...

Saving 0D data: SaveScalars...

```
Solver n
Exec Solver = after timestep
Equation = String SaveScalars
Procedure = File "SaveData" "SaveScalars"
Filename = File "f.dat"
Variable 1 = String Temperature
Operator 1 = String max
Variable 2 = String Temperature
Operator 2 = String min
Variable 3 = String Temperature
Operator 3 = String mean
End
```

```
Boundary Condition m
Save Scalars = Logical True
End
```





Case: TwelveSolvers

Natural convection with ten auxialiary solvers

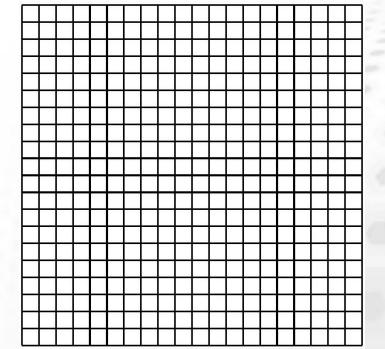
Case: Motivation



- The purpose of the example is to show the flexibility of the modular structure
- The users should not be afraid to add new atomistic solvers to perform specific tasks
- A case of 12 solvers is rather rare, yet not totally unrealitistic

Case: preliminaries

- Square with hot wall on right and cold wall on left
- Filled with viscous fluid
- Bouyancy modeled with Boussinesq approximation COLD
- Temperature difference initiates a convection roll



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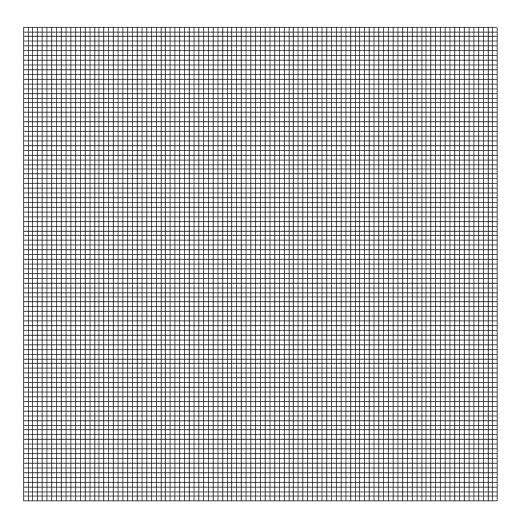
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Case: 12 solvers

- 1. Heat Equation
- 2. Navier-Stokes
- 1. FluxSolver: solve the heat flux
- 2. StreamSolver
- 3. VorticitySolver
- 4. DivergenceSolver
- 5. ShearrateSolver
- 6. IsosurfaceSolver
- 7. ResultOutputSolver
- 8. SaveGridData
- 9. SaveLine
- 10. SaveScalars



Case: Computational mesh

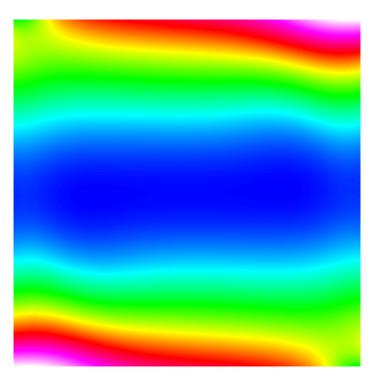


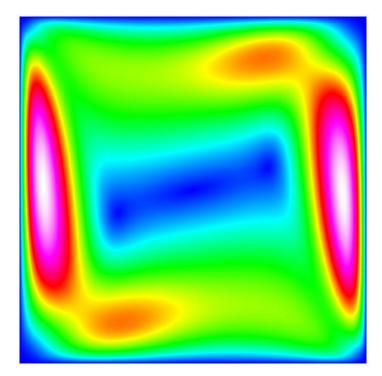
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10000 bilinear elements

Case: Navier-Stokes, Primary fields





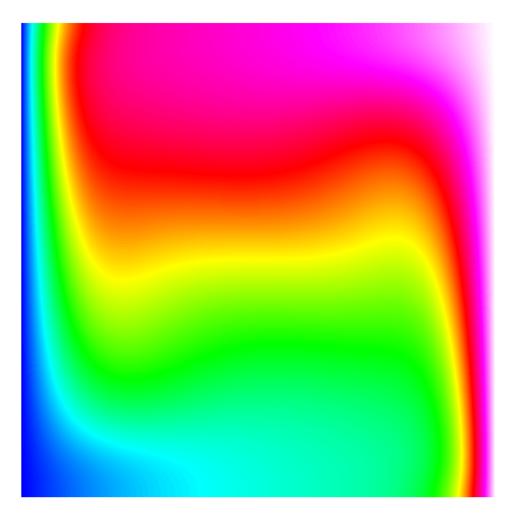


Pressure

Velocity

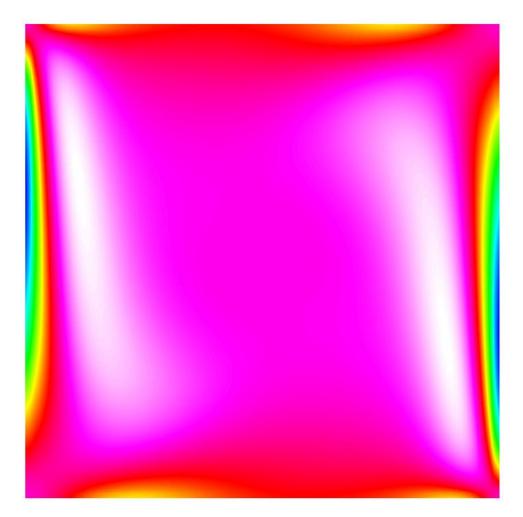
Case: Heat equation, primary field





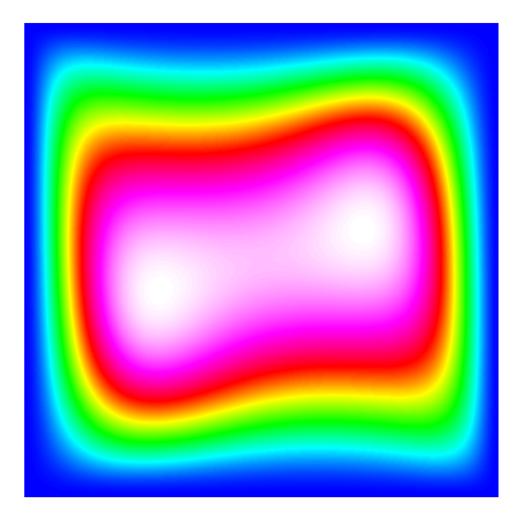
Case: Derived field, vorticity





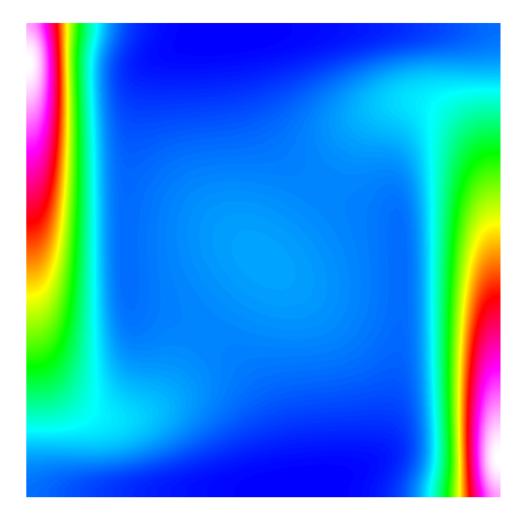
Case: Derived field, Streamlines





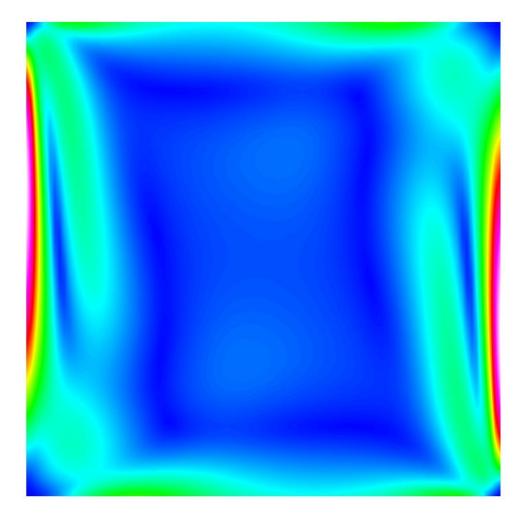
Case: Derived field, diffusive flux



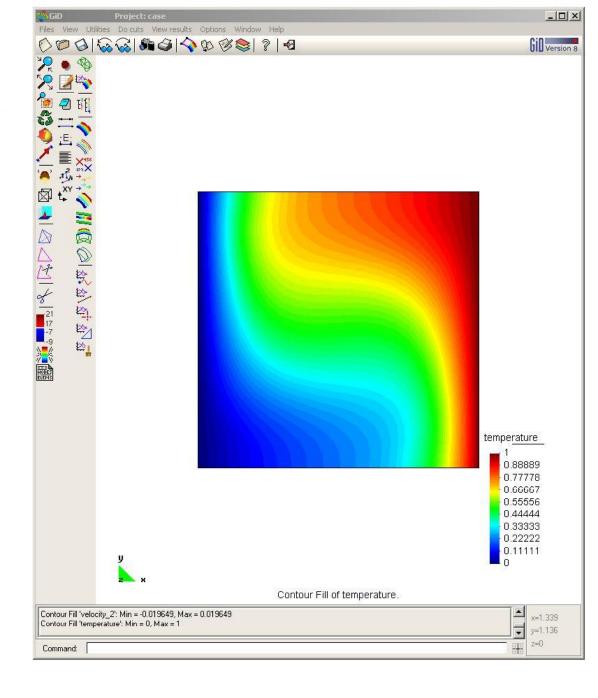


Case: Derived field, Shearrate

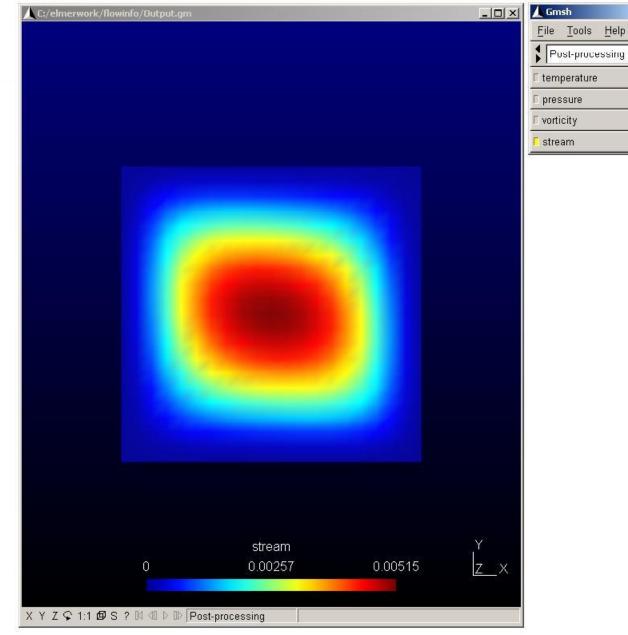




Example: view in GiD



Example: view in Gmsh



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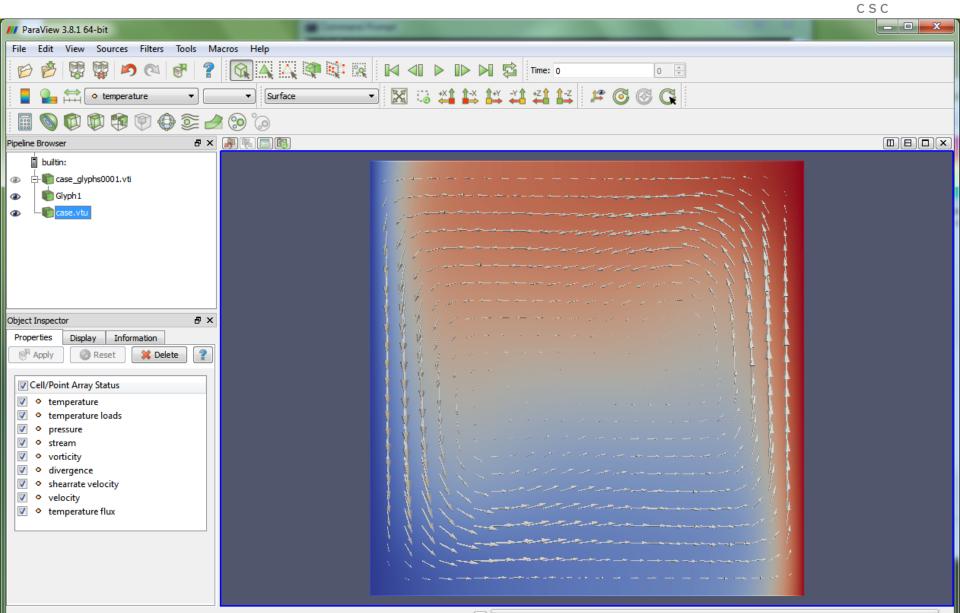
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Case: View in Paraview



Conclusions

Preprocessors

- Simple structured: ElmerGrid
- Unstructured: **Gmsh** or netgen
- Complex: GiD or Salome
- Postprocessors
 - Basic use: ElmerPost
 - Advanced use: Paraview

