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Propantheline

Revised: December 3, 2018.

CASRN: 298-50-0

Drug Levels and Effects

Summary of Use during Lactation

No information is available on the use of propantheline during breastfeeding. Because propantheline is a quaternary ammonium compound, it is not likely to be absorbed and reach the bloodstream of the infant. Long-term use of propantheline might reduce milk production or milk letdown. During long-term use, observe for signs of decreased lactation (e.g., insatiety, poor weight gain).

Drug Levels

Maternal Levels. Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Infant Levels. Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Disclaimer: Information presented in this database is not meant as a substitute for professional judgment. You should consult your healthcare provider for breastfeeding advice related to your particular situation. The U.S. government does not warrant or assume any liability or responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information on this Site .

Effects in Breastfed Infants

Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

Effects on Lactation and Breastmilk

Relevant published information in nursing mothers was not found as of the revision date. Anticholinergics can inhibit lactation in animals, apparently by inhibiting growth hormone and oxytocin secretion.[1][2][3][4][5] Anticholinergic drugs can also reduce serum prolactin in nonnursing women.[6] The prolactin level in a mother with established lactation may not affect her ability to breastfeed.

References

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- 4. Bizzarro A, Iannucci F, Tolino A et al. Inhibiting effect of atropine on prolactin blood levels after stimulation with TRH. Clin Exp Obstet Gynecol. 1980;7:108-11. PubMed PMID: 6788407.
- 5. Svennersten K, Nelson L, Juvnas-Moberg K. Atropinization decreases oxytocin secretion in dairy cows. Acta Physiol Scand. 1992;145:193-4. PubMed PMID: 1636447.
- 6. Masala A, Alagna S, Devilla L et al. Muscarinic receptor blockade by pirenzepine: effect on prolactin secretion in man. J Endocrinol Invest. 1982;5:53-5. PubMed PMID: 6808052.

Substance Identification

Substance Name

Propantheline

CAS Registry Number

298-50-0

Drug Class

Breast Feeding

Lactation

Anti-Ulcer Agents

Muscarinic Antagonists

Parasympatholytics

Gastrointestinal Agents