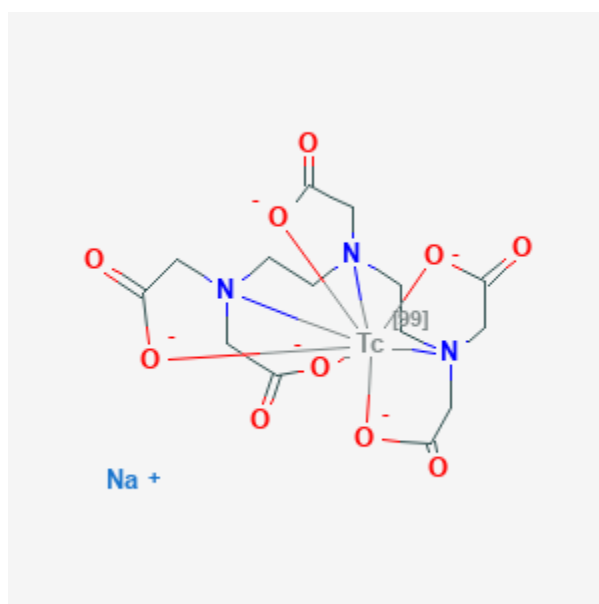




## Technetium Tc 99m Pentetate

Revised: June 30, 2019.

CASRN: 65454-61-7



## Drug Levels and Effects

### Summary of Use during Lactation

Information in this record refers to the use of technetium Tc 99m pentetate (Tc 99m-diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid; Tc 99m DTPA) as a diagnostic agent. Several international agencies and organizations state that breastfeeding need not be interrupted after administration of Tc 99m DTPA in doses up to 1000 MBq (30 mCi) intravenously or by inhalation to a nursing mother.[1][1][2][3] However, to follow the principle of keeping exposure "as low as reasonably achievable", some experts recommend nursing the infant just before administration of the radiopharmaceutical and interrupting breastfeeding for 3 to 6 hours after the dose, then expressing the milk completely once and discarding it. If the mother has expressed and saved milk prior to the examination, she can feed it to the infant during the period of nursing interruption.[2][4][5] Mothers need not refrain from close contact with their infants after usual clinical doses.[6]

**Disclaimer:** Information presented in this database is not meant as a substitute for professional judgment. You should consult your healthcare provider for breastfeeding advice related to your particular situation. The U.S. government does not warrant or assume any liability or responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the information on this Site .

Mothers concerned about the level of radioactivity in their milk could ask to have it tested at a nuclear medicine facility at their hospital. When the radioactivity is at a safe level she may resume breastfeeding. A method for measuring milk radioactivity and determining the time when a mother can safely resume breastfeeding has been published.[7]

For nursing mothers who work with Tc 99m substances in their workplace, there is no need to take any precautions other than those appropriate for general radiation protection.[8]

## Drug Levels

Tc 99m is a gamma emitter with a principal photon energy of 140.5 keV and a physical half-life of 6.024 hours. [9] The effective half-life of Tc 99m DTPA ranges from 3.1 to 5 hours).[4][7][10] About 41% is assumed to reach the bloodstream after aerosol inhalation[7] and about 0.012% of a dose reaches breastmilk.[10]

## Effects in Breastfed Infants

Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

## Effects on Lactation and Breastmilk

Relevant published information was not found as of the revision date.

## Alternate Drugs to Consider

Technetium Tc 99m Ethylenedicysteine

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## Substance Identification

### Substance Name

Technetium Tc 99m Pentetate

### CAS Registry Number

65454-61-7

### Drug Class

Breast Feeding

Lactation

Radiopharmaceuticals

Technetium Compounds

Diagnostic Agents