

1. Should the article be excluded for any of the following reasons?

- Study reported only in abstract (Full text is not available)
- Background article
- Wrong outcome (i.e. not validated tool, pharmacokinetic or other intermediate outcomes)
- Wrong intervention
- No relevant comparison and no report of adverse events, harms or adherence
- No relevant comparison BUT reports of adverse events, harms or adherence
- Wrong population (For example no pediatric or perinatal studies or patients not TRD or analysis does not break out patients with TRD)
- Wrong publication type (e.g. letter or editorial)

Other? (Please explain!)

None of the above- should be included!

2. Addresses one or more of the following key questions (check all that apply):

KQ1 For adults with depression, do non-pharmacologic interventions such as electroconvulsive therapy (ECT), vagus nerve stimulation (VNS), repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS), or an evidence-based psychotherapy (e.g., cognitive therapy [CBT or IPT]) differ in efficacy or effectiveness in treating acute phase depressive symptoms (e.g., response and remission), whether as a single treatment or part of a combination treatment?

KQ2- For adults with depression, do non-pharmacologic interventions differ in their efficacy or effectiveness for maintaining response or remission (e.g., preventing relapse or recurrence) whether as a single treatment or part of a combination treatment?

KQ3 Do non-pharmacologic interventions (single or combination) differ in their efficacy or effectiveness for treating depression as a function of particular symptom subtypes (e.g., catatonic (frozen or hyper) or psychotic symptoms)?

KQ4 For adults with depression, do non-pharmacologic interventions differ in safety, adverse events, or adherence? Adverse effects of interest include but are not limited to: amnesia, memory loss, headaches, post-operative complications.

KQ5 How do the efficacy, effectiveness, or harms of treatment with non-pharmacologic treatments for depression differ for subpopulations?

KQ6 For adults with depression, do non-pharmacologic interventions differ in regards to other health-related outcomes (e.g., quality of life)?

Cannot determine

None of the above

3. Study population has previously been treated

Two or more treatments for depression

One or more treatments for depression

No previous treatments for depression

Not reported but referred to as TRD or refractory

Other? (Please explain)

4. Study design is one of the following:

RCT

Systematic review (Qualitative or quantitative)

Observational Study

Other?

Cannot determine

Case series (no comparison arm)