

Billion Number - people who lack access to improved water supply Public taps, tube wells, boreholes, protected wells & springs, rainwater harvesting

Unimproved water

All surface waters (rivers, streams, dams, lakes, ponds, canals, irrigation channels) unprotected dug well & springs, tanker trucks and carts, vended water



Tanker trucks and vended water, because they are in nether realm of not knowing where the source of the water is. As described by the United Nations

Access to an improved water supply

IS IMPROVED WATER SAFE WATER?

4 Water Qualities: Microbial - Can Kill you quick Chemical - Can Kill you slow Physical/Aesthetic Radionuclides

Microbial is the biggest problem around the world Chemical second biggest problem Arsenic is a large contributor

Conventional Water Treatment Plant: Source of surface water 2 sedimentation 2 coagulation 2 sludge 2 filtration 2 cholrine 2 communities Out by Frog Pond used to be this Kind of system

Non-piped water supply Watershed Z Human/Animal distribution system Z Home

Problem with possible contamination

64% of Women collect the Water And are primary caretakers of people who get sick with Water borne diseases

Infectious Disease and its effect on children Not addressed?

Been around for a while Not going to infect people in developed countries Hard to identify the cause Small Scale Water Treatment (household)

Not Brita Filter (aesthetic/physical treatment mostly) "Luxury Water"

Mega systems won't work in rural area

Cost too much money Government inFrastructure/Willingness Access to energy For system (electricity) Deer Island Waste Water Treatment Near Logan

airport

\$4billion For 2.5 million people

Engineers hadn't thought of how to scale for different environment or materials

## P&G gotten into household treatment water market

Pur - "treatment plant in a packet" (EXPENSIVE) Coagulant (pheric sulfate) + Chlorine (calcium chloride powder)



Open and put in IOL bucket, rapid mix, let settle Chlorine contacts water for 30min, then safe to drink Does it work in any water?

The particular combination P&G has is often perfect There is no perfect though, not a one size fits all

## Safe Storage

Important aspect of water treatment Water getting contaminated while in storage is a big problem Disinfection

Boiling, Sodis, Household chlorination

Particle Removal Technologies

Cloth Filter - equivalent to sari filter

Lmicron mesh, effective against guinea worm and cholera Ceramic Filter

Lifestraw - not that effective, clogs lodine based resin, okay for short term use Not safe for longterm use Water lonizers - more of a first world product Combined Systems Chemical Removal Systems Get an email a day from someone around the world with an idea to save the world. Maybe that's true. Has come to realize that there is no silver bullet, high tech or low tech, it is getting it implemented that is the challenge.

Safe Storage Products

Standard size can go hand in hand with disinfection (ie chlorine dosing) Partical Removal

Pure Home Water

Started with the idea of providing safe household drinking water Had been working on multiple technologies for a while Now focusing one direction to encompass goal Offer range of products in Ghana to see what they liked

- 1. Reach people most in need
- 2. Be self-sustaining

Takes a lot of capacity to test whether water is safe or not Check List vs Water Testing Laboratory Reasoning behind Improved vs unimproved water source category Improving the supply is one way (slightly indirect) towards safe water

Having particles in the water, protects microbes from chemical (ie chlorine) treatment

Microbes can hide in particles

For Dissemination, Focused on Cermaic Filter Pot

- Staff could do many products poorly or one product well The ceramic Filter was their best product, so focused on that

Manufacturing to bring the cost down

Local manufacturing to reach \$1/day people Current manufacture is outside Accra 12 hours to get to Tamale Transportation can damage ceramic filters Local manufacturing to have greater control over supply chain Quality control EC.701J / 11.025J / 11.472J D-Lab I: Development Fall 2009

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